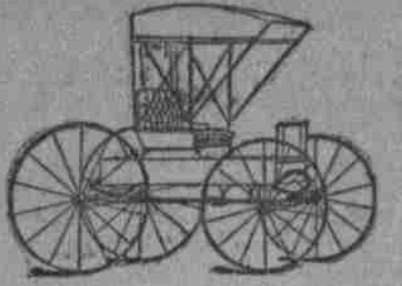




### Rubber Tired Buggy for \$65.

Piano box, with best hard rubber tires—no punctures or flat tires. Other styles and better grades at economic prices.



### Rubber Tired Top Buggies at \$85.

Comfortable, substantial ones. Better quality than cost more—not a deal, though.

Two second-hand Express Wagons at \$10 and \$20—years of service in them yet. Complete line of new and second-hand Harness at low prices, according to quality.

Step in and see our assortment. You save money here.

## H. F. CUTLER,

'Phone 131-2 Rear City Hotel, Barre, Vt.

## THE BARRE DAILY TIMES

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1908.

**One High Priced Man Plus Us** makes him as far as his family goes as good as though he were a thousand high priced men. 29th year. National Life Insurance Company, Montpelier, Vt. (Mutual.)

S. S. Ballard, general agent, Montpelier; N. B. Ballard, local agent, Barre, Vt.

### TALK OF THE TOWN

Cut flowers at Youngson's. Tel. 317-6.

Cash paid for watches, diamonds, gold and silver jewelry. Burr, the Jeweler.

Typewriter desk, flat top, cost \$11.00, and swivel chair, cost \$3.50, both for \$10.00. L. M. Averill.

Clairvoyant—Tuesday and Thursday, 2 p. m. to 9 p. m., Mrs. R. E. Ellis, 25 Spaulding street, telephone 156-21.

"The Eastern Herald," the popular Catholic family paper for this state, only \$1.00 per year. Address, Rutland, Vt.

To Rent—Two tenements, all modern improvements, at 45 and 50 South Main street. Inquire of John Tierney, 48 South Main street or 303 North Main street.

Don't forget that "Queen Quality" leads in style and durability. The largest consignment of spring oxfords ever made to the People's Shoe Store just received.

A aperta una infermeria per cavalli e per cani al No. 12 Cottage street; dove vengono operate agni sorta di operarii, cani, sui cavalli e sui gatti. L' infermeria a aperta il giorno e di notte, e juno contenera comodamente da 12 cavalli e 20 cani. Te dott Arthur H. H. Lewis, D. V. S., ed il nuovo laurando O. E. Barr, graduato sal collegio di Ontario, assistente. Origin sarta di ejer-arrianoi in jrosseno fare a vrezzi miti. Ti curano tutte le malab tie degli animali, secano i sisten jumi mader ni. Telefono, 212-12.

### A Grand Family Medicine.

"It gives me pleasure to speak a good word for Electric Bitters," writes Mr. Frank Conlan of No. 438 Hudson street, New York. "It's a grand family medicine for dyspepsia and liver complications; while for lame back and weak kidneys it cannot be too highly recommended." Electric Bitters regulate the digestive functions, purify the blood, and impart renewed vigor and vitality to the weak and debilitated of both sexes. Sold under guarantee at the Red Cross Pharmacy, Rickert & Wells' drug store. 50c.

### WILLIAMSTOWN.

S. J. Segel & Co., of Barre have purchased the clothing store of the J. K. Lynde estate and will hold a sale here for about two weeks to close out, as the J. K. Lynde firm has decided to discontinue that branch of its business.

## Coal, Coal!

D. & H. Lackawanna, Scranton, Egg, Stove and Nut.....\$7.75  
Grate.....7.50  
Lobhigh 25c per ton advance.

The above prices subject to 25c per ton discount for cash.

### Calder & Richardson,

Depot Square. 'Phone 45-4.

## Coal, Coal!

Prices lowest for the year in May. Buy now and save the advance of 10 cents per ton per month.

Net, Stove and Egg \$7.75  
Lobhigh, 25c a ton extra.

Cash discount of 25c a ton if paid in cash days.

### MORSE & JACKSON.

Morse Block. Telephone, 237-21.

## IN LOCAL MARKETS

### Butter and Egg Prices Are Firm

### BUT NO DEFINITE ADVANCE

Potatoes in Good Demand at from 60¢ to 65 Cents a Bushel—Dressed Pork Is Plenty at 7¢ 7/4 Cents.

Barre, Vt., June 3, 1908. Butter and egg prices firm, without any definite advance. Potatoes in good demand. Wholesale quotations: Dressed pork—Plenty at 7¢ 7/4. Dressed veal—Easy at 9¢ 1/2. Lamb—12¢ 1/2. Dairy Butter—20¢ 21¢. Creamery butter—23¢ 24¢. Eggs—Fair supply at 16¢ 17¢ per doz. Potatoes—60¢ to 65¢ per bushel.

### IN RICKE'S MARKET.

Veal Reported as Nearly a Cent a Pound Lower.

St. Johnsbury, June 3.—Ricke's market reports veal as nearly a cent a pound lower and beef and hogs steady. The receipts for the week ending June 1 were as follows: Country—70¢ to 100¢. Lamb—25¢ to 35¢. Hogs—29¢ to 45¢. Cattle—20¢ to 24¢. Calves—40¢ to 50¢. Milk cows—\$25 to \$47.

### IN BOSTON MARKETS.

Receipts of Butter Heavy, But Market Cleans Up Well.

Boston, June 3.—The receipts of butter continue heavy, but the fine quality of the stock is attracting buyers and the market cleans up very well. Fine northern creamery is firm at 24¢, with special marks hold a little higher. Fancy western creamery butter sells steadily at 24¢ to 24 1/2¢, and there is a fairly active and steady market for stock grading next to best, both northern and western. The low grades are quiet and there is practically no demand for dairy butter unless it is very choice. The cheese market is moderately active and steady. Fine stock forms but a small portion of the receipts of new cheese and fancy old twins are pretty well cleaned up. The egg market does not change much. The receipts are still heavy, and as the demand is slack, prices remain rather easy.

### Quotations follow:

Butter—Creamery, extra, Vermont and New Hampshire 24 1/2¢, northern New York 24 1/2¢, western 24 1/2¢; firsts, northern 22 1/2¢, western 22 1/2¢; eastern creamery, best marks 23 1/2¢, fair to good 21 1/2¢ to 22 1/2¢; dairy, fancy 22 1/2¢, common to good 18 1/2¢ to 21 1/2¢; western imitation creamery 18 1/2¢; western ladies 16 1/2¢; packing stock 16 1/2¢; renovated butter 16 1/2¢; boxes and privats 18 1/2¢.

Cheese—New stock, York state, choice 11¢, common to good 8¢ to 10¢; Vermont, choice 10 1/2¢, common to good 8¢ to 10¢; old stock, York state twins, fancy 14 1/2¢, fair to good 12 1/2¢ to 14¢; Vermont twins, fancy 14 1/2¢, fair to good 12 1/2¢ to 14¢.

Eggs—Fancy henry 20¢ to 21¢; eastern, fancy 18¢ to 19¢; common to good 16¢ to 17¢; western, fancy 17¢, choice 16 1/2¢, common to good 15 1/2¢ to 16 1/2¢; western dirty 14¢ to 14 1/2¢, western storage packed stock 17 1/2¢.

Note.—The above quotations represent the prices obtained by receivers for wholesale quantities and are not jobbing prices.

### FEEDING YOUNG CHICKENS.

They Should Be Given Fodder According to Their Appetites.

A common mistake in feeding young chicks is that of overfeeding. To start with, chickens should have absolutely no food for at least 24 hours after hatching, and it will not harm them if food is withheld even longer. When they begin to eat, they should be given a little food and water. When we consider that just before emerging from the shell the yolk of the egg is taken into the system and that this must have ample time to be disposed of or the digestive apparatus becomes impaired, the reason for withholding the food is very obvious. Very young chicks require but little food and water, and they have active digestion. If continually gratified, make very rapid growth so long as the machine works, for really this digestive apparatus is one of the finest of machines, but if overworked it will go to pieces. Gout, loss of appetite, enlarged liver, bowel trouble and other diseases follow and the chances are nine to one that we ascribe the trouble to the incubator or the brooder.

I think perhaps chickens can stand more neglect and haphazard management and still live than any of the farm animals, but like the sheep, the hog and the cow, they pay better if well cared for. They should be fed according to their appetites. Of course it takes time for us to study their needs. If we have more than one brood their different requirements must be observed. Perhaps the preferred food is too high priced in our locality and something else must be substituted. We must observe them closely at all times and if one appears dull ascertain the cause and remove the difficulty.

They should be encouraged to exercise for all their food except the last food at night. It is natural for chicks to be busy and if they are not hungry enough to work for their food and come flying for it, withhold it until they are. 'Tis true they do not grow quite so rapidly as when stuffed, but fewer of them die and the profits are greater.

Another mistake often made where the chickens are raised with hens is that of giving them their freedom while the chicks are too young. The hens are apt to go too far with their young broods and in their anxiety to scratch and find food for them do not hover them enough. They are apt, too, to trail around in the wet grass on dewy mornings or after a storm, and in such cases a loss of 50 per cent. is not an overestimate. Young

chicks, if hatched from vigorous thrifty stock, are not hard to raise. The work is pleasant, but it is work, nevertheless. They must be kept warm and dry, have plenty of the right kind of food, pure air, water and grit. They must be kept free from lice and mites and barring accidents they are bound to prosper.

### GOVERNMENT COTTON REPORT.

Estimated Acreage in 1908-9 Is 32,051,000—Condition 79.7.

Washington, June 3.—The cotton planted this spring is estimated at 32,051,000 acres and its condition on May 25th last is given as 79.7 per cent in the first cotton report for this season, made public at the department of agriculture yesterday. The acreage as estimated is against 32,000,000 acres last year and the condition on May 25 is against 79.3 per cent last year.

The area as given includes that already planted and expected to be planted, and is about one-tenth of one per cent greater than the area planted to cotton last year. The condition of the growing crop on May 25, 1908, was 84.6 per cent of a normal, and average of the condition on May 25 for the past ten years was 82.3 per cent.

### MARSHFIELD

Ralph Bemis Cameron, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Bernice L. Cameron, died last Thursday evening, shortly after nine o'clock, after a painful illness of less than forty hours with acute bronchitis. Ralph was one of the family of five who have had scarlet fever, having been in quarantine since April 15th. The child had recovered from the disease, so as to be able to be about the house, but was stricken with a kidney trouble on Wednesday. As soon as the symptoms were detected, the family physician was called, and everything possible for medical skill and that loving hands could do was done to relieve him, but the little life went out peacefully. Dr. Carver having administered a breath of chloroform from time to time as symptoms of the dreaded convulsions returned. Ralph leaves in the home to mourn beside the father and mother, two sisters, Amy, ten years old, and a baby of about a year, and a grandmother, Mrs. Helen McGraw. He was only one month, 14 days old. Prayer was offered by Rev. F. E. Currier, who remained outside the house, on the piazza. Burial was in the Eaton cemetery in the family lot, beside an infant sister. Mr. Cameron and Dr. H. S. Carver took the body for burial Friday afternoon. Many beautiful flowers were sent by friends of the family as tokens of sympathy and love. They were: Calla lilies, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Davis; white carnations, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Davis; pink carnations, Mr. and Mrs. S. Swedinger; flowers, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Shortt; Mrs. H. S. Carver, Mrs. Lizzie Robinson, Mrs. Louise Sanborn; lilies of the valley, Mrs. C. S. Adams; flowers, Mrs. Sanford; wreath with broken reed, Mrs. S. Salom; a bouquet from his little playfellow and friend, Albert Rosbrook; flowers from S. H. Unwin and family, Mrs. J. Severance, Mrs. W. H. H. Meers, Marjorie and Frankie Lamberton, Mr. and Mrs. Mayo Wyman, Mrs. Dennis Lamberton, Mrs. Ralph Ide, Mrs. J. W. Davis, Mrs. Lydia Benton and Miss Benton; wreath by Mrs. Flora Bliss; pampies, Mrs. H. J. Smith; cut flowers, Mrs. W. H. H. Smith; cut flowers, Mrs. Herbert Emery; flowers, by E. C. Pitkin and wife, and many more carnations, lilies of the valley without any names attached.

The little body was laid into the masses of flowers, for Ralph was fond of the least bit of a flower, asking for the dandelions and buttercups while he was ill. The sympathy of everyone is for the bereaved family in their great trouble. Though they can truly say, "He is not dead."

We will not say that he is dead. But with a merry smile and a wave of the hand he has wandered into a better land."

### Household Hints.

A rug that twists can be flattened by damping the edge and pressing it on the floor with a hot iron.

Babies under six months old should not be pushed in go-carts. All young children should be kept as flat as possible and not be joggled.

To clean stovepipe wipe with a cloth saturated with gasoline. The dirt and grease will come off like magic. Be careful of fire. The best place to clean it is on the back porch or in the yard.

When cleaning the bathroom take two parts of soda, one of pumice and one of salt and mix to a paste with water. Rub this on the marble and wash off with salt water. Finish with clean cold water and a soft cloth.

### About Animals.

Wild dogs never bark and so always bite.

A gray horse lives the longest, a black one the shortest.

A blue eyed cat is always deaf, but all deaf cats are not blue eyed.

An Asiatic squirrel climbs a tree like a telegraph pole climber. It has large horny scales on its tail for the purpose.

The flying fox or tropical bat will pass the night drinking from the vessels in which cocoa is distilled and go home intoxicated in the early morning or sleep it off at the foot of the trees.

### Looks Easy.

A man walks half a certain distance at the rate of four miles an hour and the other half at the rate of six miles an hour. Does it take a longer or shorter time to return at the rate of five miles an hour?

### Wesley a Vegetarian.

John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, seems to have been not only a pioneer of the temperance movement, but also an apostle of vegetarianism. He states in one of his sermons that for several years he subsisted on potatoes and found that doing so conduced largely to promote that splendid health which he enjoyed.

### Imitation Amber.

Imitation amber, made from gum copal, can be detected by soaking in alcohol. Real amber pieces which have been glued or melted together to imitate a solid piece will fall apart if tested.

### Notice to the Public.

We are still running a public survey and meeting all trains. Telephone 238-4. Paps Bros.

## The Arcade Quit Business Sale!

Interesting beyond a doubt, prices, material, style and assortment, a combination that has proven such a boon to those who find economy a necessity. Men's Clothing, Ladies' Ready-to-wear Garments, Shoes, Dry Goods and Small Wares are all still here in profusion and prices that are not often offered to you. **We Are Soon to Leave Barre.** Again we call your attention to two lines of Muslin Waists at 69c and \$1.25. The 69c quality is a fine sheer muslin, full embroidered front and fully worth \$1.25 to \$1.50. The \$1.25 Waist we know you cannot duplicate in the city for less than \$2.50. They are made back and front of all-over embroidery, elbow sleeves, open front and desirable in every detail. Good things do not last always. Our time is short.

## THE ARCADE,

BARRE'S BIG DEPARTMENT STORE, CORNER MAIN AND PEARL STREETS, BARRE, VERMONT.

### CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.

Brief History of the Brotherhood—A Record of Achievement.

Twenty-six years ago, at the convention held in Chicago on Aug. 12, 1881, the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America first saw the light as a militant force in the field of organized labor. It started with a nucleus of twelve local unions, comprising 2,042 members all told. It has now grown to 1,703 locals in 1,275 cities and towns, with a dues paying membership of upward of 161,200. The brotherhood was organized to protect the carpentry trade from the evils of low scales and botch work, its aim having always been to encourage a higher standard of skill, thus making it the easier to maintain a fair wage, to re-establish an apprentice system and to aid and assist its members by mutual protection and benevolent means. It pays a funeral benefit on the death of a wife of a member ranging from \$25 to \$50, a funeral benefit to members' families of \$100 to \$200 and a disability benefit of \$100 to \$400.

In the past two years there has been expended for these general benefits the sum of \$316,849.85, and since 1884 \$1,132,371.70 has been paid in the same way, while in the latter period \$1,083,000 was spent by local unions for sick benefits and \$486,190.47 donated to the locals by the brotherhood for strike defense purposes. This aggregates considerably over \$3,000,000 expended for charitable and benevolent purposes.

The brotherhood is also what might be called a protective trades union as well as a benevolent and charitable organization. In this direction it has advanced the wages in hundreds of localities throughout the country and placed fully \$6,500,000 more in pay annually in the pockets of its members. It has reduced the hours from nine per day to eight in 480 cities and from ten per day to nine in 791 other cities, not to mention many other localities in which it has established the eight and nine hour workday. Through the shortening of hours upward of 30,000 more workmen have secured employment throughout the country notwithstanding the depression so keenly felt here and elsewhere among the building trades. All competent carpenters are eligible to membership.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### A Holdup.

"This perfume, sir, is \$4 an ounce." "No wonder you fellows make money, getting \$4 for a scent."—Kansas City Times.

### The General Rule.

Opinions are in scant demand. 'Tis thus in every game. The players get the money and The umpire gets the blame. —Washington Star.

### THE CHURCH AND UNIONS.

Methodists to Aid Tolders in Their Contest For Human Rights.

In this era of labor in politics, court injunctions and the open shop contest leaders of the organized workmen say it is refreshing to note that the cause of the toiler is being taken up by certain religious denominations. The Presbyterians have for some time maintained an affiliation with organized labor by sending fraternal delegates to central labor unions and other representative bodies of workmen. And now come the Methodists—not to be outdone by their Presbyterian brethren—as allies to the labor unions. In Chicago on a recent Sunday and also in Boston labor sermons were preached in Methodist churches, and it is said that in the near future other denominations may be found sending fraternal delegates to the unions of the workmen.

"Progressive churchmen believe," said Rev. Alexander E. Duncan, "that it is a Christian duty to support and encourage the toilers—the nation builders—in their contest for human betterment and human rights. They are striving for the natural right to exist—to live adequately, as is their God-given right—and it is the duty of true Christians to support them in their contention."—Washington Star.

### An Old Timer.

Wrinkles, wrinkles, little start I wonder old how old you are. The makeup art has made me strong. For you were a star when I was young. —Baltimore American.

### JINGLES AND JESTS

#### An Old Friend.

"Good yarn, eh?" chuckled the story teller when he finished his anecdote. "Yes," agreed the patient listener wearily, "I always did like that one."—Bohemian Magazine.

#### Degrees of Sense.

There's "fine sense" and "course sense." Each good in its way. But the man who has "horse sense" Knows when to say "neigh." —Philadelphia Press.

#### The One Exception.

Little Willie—Say, pa, is fighting prohibited by law in all the states? Pa—I believe so, my son, except in the matrimonial state.—Chicago News.

#### Happiness and Trouble.

Though riches don't bring happiness, For trouble we ain't up till. It takes the dash of solid cash To keep the pot a-billin'. —Atlanta Constitution.

#### The Needed Preamble.

"I see that Doughy has endowed a hospital." "He must be going to purchase an auto!"—Denver News-Times.

#### But They Did, Though.

There came a summer day in spring: Then ventured out a lid of straw. Street gamins didn't do a thing When that precious lid they saw. —New York Times.

#### A Holdup.

"This perfume, sir, is \$4 an ounce." "No wonder you fellows make money, getting \$4 for a scent."—Kansas City Times.

#### The General Rule.

Opinions are in scant demand. 'Tis thus in every game. The players get the money and The umpire gets the blame. —Washington Star.

#### Unfit.

"Would you advise me to go into politics?" "Young man," answered Senator Sorghum, "the mere fact that you are so modest as to ask advice about it proves that you are unfit for the profession."—Washington Star.

#### On the Tan Party Line.

Suddenly the alarm clock went off. The sleeper, half awake, listened. "It's only one ring," he said. "Ours is four rings." Whereupon he went to sleep again and missed his train.—Chicago Tribune.

#### Ready money works great cures.

Danish Proverb.

## Does not Color the Hair Destroys Dandruff AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

## Reliance Woodpecker Engines!

1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 10 Horse Power.

Water Jacket or Air Cooled.

We have them both ways and guarantee them all right under full head for 10 hours.

C. H. TAFT, RANDOLPH CENTER, VERMONT.

## RAZORS

"The kind that cut." Prices from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each. All warranted. We have the Gillette, Gem, Star, Autostrop and other makes in Safety Razors.

A full line of Shaving Articles. Shave yourself and save money.

D. F. DAVIS, "The Druggist,"

262 NORTH MAIN STREET, - - BARRE, VERMONT

## Now for Big Bargains for the Month of June!

We will make a clean sweep in prices on all merchandise to clear our counters, as everything must be sold out to save moving.

This is a bona fide sale and you can save many dimes, quarters and dollars by taking advantage of this extraordinary Clothing, Shoe and Furnishing Goods Sale. Everything guaranteed.

S. J. SEGEL & COMPANY,

in the SCAMPINI BLOCK, on MAIN STREET, opposite Granite Street, a little way below Depot Square, for a Short Time Only.